

## CMO1-VI/1.34

# Ţāhir pūselik semā'ī Necīb Beğ

Critical Report

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# Ţāhir pūselik semā<sup>c</sup>ī Necīb Beğ

Source TR-Iam EY 1537

Location P. 69, l. 12 – p. 70, l. 19

Makâm Tâhir bûselik Usûl Aksak Semâî Genre Saz Semâîsi

Attribution Necîb Paşa (1815–1883)

**Index Heading** 

Work No. CMOi0301

### **Remarks**

There is a small circle-shaped pencil mark on the left side of the heading of the piece, which was possibly used by a later hand as a marker.

The usage of end cycle sign (\*) at the end of teslîm and lām letter (\*) in H4 are interpreted as a repetition based on all consulted concordances. The usage of end cycle sign (\*) at the end of H4 is also interpreted as a repetition based on TR-Iütae 109.

### **Structure**

```
H1
         |:
                    :|: 4(T)
                                :|
         |:
                                :|
H2
              8
                    :|: 4(T)
H3
                                :|:
                           4
                                     4(T)
                                     4(T)
H4
         |:
                    :|:
                          8*
                                :|:
*yürük semâî
```

### Pitch Set



### **Notes on Transcription**

- 3 Division sign (:) is partly obscured by the binding.
- Orig. تمریخید ; transcribed as تمریخید . The scribe connects two different pitches 3.4 (dügâh and segâh) with a curved line. It is interpreted as a shorter duration for relevant pitches of the grouping in the transcription. The curved line could be also interpreted as a slur, performed with a legato or glissando depending on

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	the performed instrument. TR-Iütae 107, TR-Iütae 249: گریمتری ; TR-Iütae 109: گریمتری ; TR-Iütae 109:
11.2	There is a thin vertical line before the grouping, which was probably added by
	a later hand and may have served as a marker.
12.3.2	Segâh is written as bûselik in TA109.
16.2	Orig. شرکر; TR-Iütae 109: سرمر; TR-Iütae 107: سرمر; TR-Iütae 109: شرکر.
19.4	Same case as 3.4.
29.4	Orig. ">  i ; transcribed as "  i ]. TR-Iütae 107, TR-Iütae 249[A]: "  i ; TR-Iütae
	109: "/~,\$,.
34.3	Orig. ﴿ الله عَلَى : TR-Iütae 107, TR-Iütae 249[A] والما : TR-Iütae 109. منتسر ; TR-Iütae 109:
	، سلم
41.1.1	Acem is written as evc in TA109.
45.1.1	Same case as 41.1.1.
48.1	Orig. برسمت ; transcribed as المسمية . The scribe connects two different pitches
	(muhayyer and segâh) with a curved line. It is interpreted as a shorter duration
	for relevant pitches of the grouping in the transcription. The curved line could
	be also interpreted as a slur, performed with a legato or glissando depending
	on the performed instrument. Cf. 3.4 and 19.4. TR-Iütae 107, TR-Iütae 249[A]:
	. مبتریّر : TR-Iütae 109 بهبریمبر
52.1	Same case as 48.1.

# **Consulted Concordances**

TR-Iütae 107, pp. 137–38; TR-Iütae 109, pp. 228–29; TR-Iütae 249[A], p. 1921.

S.D.